COVID-19 mRNA Vaccine Information Sheet

Please read this information sheet carefully and ensure all your questions have been answered by a health care provider before receiving the vaccine.

What is COVID-19?

- COVID-19 is an infectious disease caused by a new coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2), recognized for the first time in December 2019 and declared a global pandemic in March 2020.
- The virus that causes COVID-19 is mainly passed from an infected person to others when the infected person coughs, sneezes, sings, talks or breathes.
- Infected people can spread the infection even if they do not have symptoms.
- Some people infected with the virus have no symptoms at all, while others have symptoms that range from mild to severe.
- Symptoms of COVID-19 can include cough, shortness of breath, fever, chills, tiredness, and loss of smell or taste.
- Of people diagnosed with COVID-19 in Canada, about 1 in 13 require hospitalization and about 3 out of every 100 people diagnosed with COVID-19 die.
- Individuals with mild symptoms may feel unwell for a long time after a COVID-19 infection.

How does the COVID-19 mRNA vaccine protect against COVID-19 infection?

- The vaccine causes the body to produce antibodies to help prevent you from becoming sick if you are exposed to the COVID-19 virus.
- Results from a large study showed individuals immunized with two doses of the COVID-19 vaccine were 94-95% less likely to become sick compared to the group who did not receive the vaccine.
- It is important to note that the vaccine does not contain the virus so you cannot get COVID-19 infection from the vaccine.

Who can and cannot receive the COVID-19 vaccine?

- Public health officials will provide information on which individuals are able to receive the vaccine at this time
- Table 1 below has specific information regarding those who can and those who should not receive the mRNA COVID-19 vaccine.
Table 1: Summary Table of Those Who Can Receive the mRNA COVID-19 Vaccine, Those Who May Be Offered the mRNA COVID-19 Vaccine, and Those Who Should Not Receive the mRNA COVID-19 Vaccine

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INDIVIDUALS WHO CAN RECEIVE the COVID-19 Vaccine</th>
<th>INDIVIDUALS WHO MAY BE OFFERED the COVID-19 Vaccine</th>
<th>INDIVIDUALS WHO SHOULD NOT RECEIVE the COVID-19 Vaccine</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age</td>
<td>Individuals in this category who are at high risk of exposure to COVID-19 infection should consult with their health care provider to discuss vaccination.</td>
<td>11 years of age and younger (Pfizer/BioNTech) 17 years of age and younger (Moderna)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currently experiencing symptoms that could be related to COVID-19</td>
<td>You should not be vaccinated if you have <em>symptoms that could be due to COVID-19</em>. If you are feeling unwell, complete the <a href="#">COVID-19 Self Assessment Tool</a> or call 811 to arrange testing.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current COVID-19 infection or past COVID-19 infection</td>
<td>You can be vaccinated if you are no longer infectious (10 days since first symptom or 10 days since positive test) and your symptoms have resolved.</td>
<td>You cannot be vaccinated while infectious (within 10 days of your first symptom or positive test). Attending a clinic while you are experiencing symptoms of COVID-19 may cause spread of infection to others.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pregnancy</td>
<td>Currently pregnant or planning to become pregnant before receiving both doses of COVID-19 vaccine.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breastfeeding</td>
<td>Currently breastfeeding.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allergy to polyethylene glycol. Found in some cosmetics, skin care products, laxatives, cough syrups, bowel preparation products for colonoscopy, and some foods and drinks.</td>
<td>If you have been told you are allergic to polyethylene glycol (PEG)* or have had an allergic reaction from an unknown cause, you should not be vaccinated until it is determined to be safe by an allergist or other health care provider.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You had a severe reaction or allergic reaction to a previous dose of COVID-19 vaccine</td>
<td>If you had a serious or allergic reaction to your first dose of COVID-19 vaccine, you should not be vaccinated until it is determined to be safe by an allergist or other health care provider.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical conditions Talk with your health care provider prior to vaccination if you are unsure about your medical conditions.</td>
<td>Problems with your immune system, history of autoimmune conditions or currently taking medications/treatments.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You received another vaccine recently (not a COVID-19 vaccine)</td>
<td>If you received another vaccine (not a COVID-19 vaccine) in the past 14 days, you will be advised to wait two weeks from that date before you receive your COVID-19 vaccine.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The vaccine has not been studied well enough in the “Generally Should Not Receive” category. Therefore it is recommended to discuss with your primary health care provider if you are at high risk of exposure to COVID-19.*
Polyethylene glycol (PEG) can rarely cause allergic reactions and is found in products such as medications, bowel preparation products for colonoscopy, laxatives, cough syrups, cosmetics, skin creams, medical products used on the skin and during operations, toothpaste, contact lenses and contact lens solution. PEG also can be found in foods or drinks, but is not known to cause allergic reactions from foods or drinks.

In addition to the information in Table 1, tell the health care provider if:

- You have fainted or felt faint after receiving past vaccines or medical procedures. Your health care provider may recommend that you receive the vaccine lying down to prevent fainting.
- You have a bleeding disorder or are taking medication that could affect blood clotting. This information will help the health care provider prevent bleeding or bruising from the needle.

How is the vaccine administered?

The vaccine is given as an injection into the muscle of the upper arm and will require two doses given 21-28 days apart (depending on which vaccine product you receive). It is important to receive both doses of the vaccine to ensure optimal protection from COVID-19 infection.

What are the side effects of the vaccine?

Side effects are expected and can indicate the vaccine is working to protect you from COVID-19 infection. Side effects can develop in the days following the vaccination and can include one or more of the following:
- pain or swelling where the needle was given
- tiredness
- headache
- muscle pain
- joint pain
- nausea/vomiting
- chills
- fever
- enlarged lymph nodes (swollen glands)

Allergic reactions are rare but can happen after receiving a vaccine. The immunization clinic staff are prepared to manage an allergic reaction should it occur. Symptoms of an allergic reaction include:
- hives (bumps on the skin that are often very itchy)
- swelling of your face, tongue or throat
- difficulty breathing

What public health measures have been put in place to safely provide immunizations during COVID-19?

Health care providers are being very careful to prevent the spread of COVID-19 when offering immunizations. Examples of safety measures include the following:
- You will be asked about any COVID-19 symptoms when you arrive at the clinic. People with symptoms of COVID-19 should not attend the clinic.
- You will be asked to wear a mask while at the clinic and stay at least 6 feet away from others (except those in your household bubble).
- Staff will be wearing masks and cleaning their hands and work areas before and after each client.
What should you do before coming to the clinic?

- Wear a short-sleeve shirt or top with sleeves that are easy to roll up.
- To prevent feeling faint while being vaccinated, have something to eat before coming to the clinic.
- Bring your non-expired MCP card.
- Bring your immunization record with you and/or download the CANImmunize app to keep track of this and other vaccines.

What should you do after receiving the vaccine?

- Wait for at least 15 minutes
- Inform a health care provider at the clinic if you feel unwell.
- Call 9-1-1 right away if you develop any serious symptoms or symptoms of an allergic reaction
- Continue to follow the recommendations of local public health officials to prevent spread of COVID-19. Such as wearing a mask, staying at least 6 feet away from others and limiting social contacts.
- Do not receive any other vaccines (except for your second COVID-19 vaccine) until you have received both doses of the COVID-19 vaccines and at least 28 days have passed after the second dose.
- As a precaution, avoid pregnancy until at least 28 days after the second dose of the COVID-19 vaccine.
- Keep your immunization record with information about the COVID-19 vaccine in a safe place.

When should I return for my second dose?

You will be provided with an appointment for your second dose during your first visit. It is important to receive the second dose to ensure the vaccine works well. Bring your immunization record with you when you come to your next appointment.

If you have any questions, please speak with the person providing the vaccine or contact: ____________